SQL Schema

X city built a new stadium, each day many people visit it and the stats are saved as these columns: **id**, **visit\_date**, **people**

Please write a query to display the records which have 3 or more consecutive rows and the amount of people more than 100(inclusive).

For example, the table stadium:

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| id | visit\_date | people |

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| 1 | 2017-01-01 | 10 |

| 2 | 2017-01-02 | 109 |

| 3 | 2017-01-03 | 150 |

| 4 | 2017-01-04 | 99 |

| 5 | 2017-01-05 | 145 |

| 6 | 2017-01-06 | 1455 |

| 7 | 2017-01-07 | 199 |

| 8 | 2017-01-08 | 188 |

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For the sample data above, the output is:

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| id | visit\_date | people |

+------+------------+-----------+

| 5 | 2017-01-05 | 145 |

| 6 | 2017-01-06 | 1455 |

| 7 | 2017-01-07 | 199 |

| 8 | 2017-01-08 | 188 |

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**Note:**  
Each day only have one row record, and the dates are increasing with id increasing.